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MARSHAL - CITY COURT OF LAFAYETTE, LOUISIANA

A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED GOVERNMENT OF LAFAYETTE, LOUISIANA

FINANCIAL REPORT AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2006

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date 3 - 14 - 07

MARSHAL - CITY COURT OF LAFAYETTE, LOUISIANA

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Marshal City Court of Lafayette, Louisiana Lafayette, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Marshal, City Court of Lafayette, Louisiana, a Component Unit of the Consolidated Government of Lafayette, Louisiana as of and for the year then ended October 31, 2006, which collectively comprise the Marshal's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Marshal, City Court of Lafayette's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the provisions of Louisiana Revised Statutes 24:513 and the Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Marshal, City Court of Lafayette, as of October 31, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued a report dated February 26, 2007 on our consideration of the Marshal, City Court of Lafayette's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, and contracts. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the

results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing</u> Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 7 and 19 through 20 respectively, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consist principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods for measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Marshal, City Court of Lafayette's basic financial statements. The individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Information contained in the individual nonmajor fund financial statements has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Wright, Moore, DeHart, Dupuis & Hutchinson, LLC

WRIGHT, MOORE, DEHART, DUPUIS & HUTCHINSON, L.L.C. Certified Public Accountants

February 26, 2007



Harl J. Picard

Marshal, City Court of Lafayette
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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As executive officer of the Lafayette City Court, I offer this overview and analysis of the financial activities of special funds of the Lafayette City Marshal's office for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2006.

These special funds are generated by authority of:

- Louisiana Revised Statutes Title 13:899 (C)
- Louisiana Code of Criminal Procedure Article 887 (H)
- Louisiana Revised Statutes Title 15:571.11 (L)(3)(c)
- Louisiana Revised Statutes Title 40:2616 (B)(3)(c)
- Federal Equitable Sharing Program

These funds may be used to defray operational expenses of the office of Marshal of the court, all as may be useful and necessary for the proper conduct of the Marshal's office, or for purchase of law enforcement equipment, and all as may be proved by the Marshal.

Financial Highlights

- Assets of the Marshal's special funds exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year October 31, 2006.
- The Marshal began fiscal year 2005/2006 with \$422,547 cash on hand.
- The Marshal ended fiscal year 2005/2006 with \$598,894 cash on hand.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Marshal's funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$723,534 an increase of \$147,153 in comparison with the prior year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Marshal, City Court of Lafayette's basic financial statements. The Marshal's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) Government-wide Financial Statements, 2) Fund Financial Statements, and 3) Notes to the Financial Statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The Government-wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Marshal's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the Marshal's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Marshal is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the Government-wide Financial Statements distinguish functions of the Marshal that are principally supported by a percentage of court costs and bond forfeitures (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Marshal include general government expenses incurred in the Marshal's mission. The Marshal had no business-type activities to report.

The Government-wide Financial Statements can be found on pages 8 and 9 of this report. The Governmental Fund Financial Statements can be found on pages 10 and 11 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Marshal, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Marshal can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. However, unlike the Government-wide Financial Statements, Governmental Fund Financial Statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the Government-wide Financial Statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental fund and governmental activities.

The Marshal maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the general fund and the special revenue funds. The general fund is considered by the Marshal to be its major fund.

The Marshal adopts an annual budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparative statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the Government-wide Financial Statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Marshal's own program.

The basic Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements can be found on page 12 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the *Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements*. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 13 through 19 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Marshal, assets exceeded liabilities at the close of the two most recent fiscal years.

Marshal, City Court of Lafayette Net Assets

	Government Activities				
		<u>2006</u>		<u>2005</u>	
Current and Other Assets	\$	626,851	\$	453,099	
Non-Current Assets		105,597	_	126,300	
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	732,448	\$	579,399	
Short-Term Liabilities Outstanding	\$	8,914	\$	3,018	
Net Assets:					
Invested in Capital Assets		105,597		126,300	
Unrestricted	<u></u>	617,937	_	450,081	
Total Net Assets	\$	723,534	\$	576,381	

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Marshal is able to report positive balance in net assets. The same is true for the prior fiscal year.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Marshal's net assets 2006 and 2005 by \$129,721 and \$129,721 respectively. Key elements of these increases are as follows:

Marshal, City Court of Lafayette Changes in Net Assets

	Governme	nt Activities
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
Revenues:		
Program Revenues:		
Charges	\$ 358,604	\$ 327,617
General Revenues:		
Interest	3,296	958
Total Revenues	361,900	328,575
Expenses:		
General Government	214,747	197,896
Increase in Net Assets	147,153	130,679
Net Assets - Beginning	576,381	445,702
Net Assets - Ending	\$ 723,534	\$ 576,381

Financial Analysis of Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Marshal uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Marshal's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Marshal's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Marshal prepares an annual budget for the general fund. This budget includes the assets on hand as of November 1 of the current year, and includes anticipated revenues generated by Louisiana Revised Statutes Title 13:1899 (C). Anticipated revenues from the four other sources cannot be estimated due to reasons beyond the control of the Marshal and existing laws and circumstances.

A monthly income/financial report and a monthly budget report are prepared by the Marshal. This report provides an overview of each line item in the budget, providing the budgeted amounts, the current month expense, the year-to-date expenses and the unencumbered funds to date. Budget revisions are prepared and transfer of funds, to increase or decrease funds in each line item are reported.

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget can be summarized as follows:

• \$3,823 increase in general government expenditures

The increase in this category was funded by current year net assets.

Capital Assets

Capital assets. The Marshal's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of October 31, 2006 and 2005, amount to \$105,597 and \$126,300 respectively (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes equipment, and furniture and fixtures.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

Computers and projection equipment acquired at a cost of \$8,977.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The Communications District (911) provided Mobile Data Terminals for the Marshal's units at no cost to the Marshal. This communications equipment has begun to show age and usage and replacement by laptop computers has begun. The cost for these computers and the software to replace the Mobile Data Terminals will be borne by the Marshal. The cost of these computers is estimated to range from \$6,000 to \$8,000, each. Replacement may cost this office between \$48,000 and \$64,000 in total, and was begun in fiscal year 2003/2004, continued into the 2004/2005 and the 2005/2006 fiscal years and projected to continue into subsequent periods.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Lafayette City Marshal's finances for all those with an interest in the Marshal's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to Earl J. "Nickey" Picard, Marshal, Lafayette City Court, Post Office Box 3344, Lafayette, Louisiana 70502.





STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS OCTOBER 31, 2006

A	SS	\mathbf{E}	ΓS

Current Assets	
Cash	\$ 598,894
Accounts Receivable	27,957
Total Current Assets	626,851
Non-Current Assets:	
Capital Assets net of Accumulated Depreciation	105,597
Capital Assets her of Accumulated Depreciation	
Total Non-Current Assets	105,597
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$_732,448</u>
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	\$ 8,914
TOTAL LIABILITIES	8,914
NET ASSETS	
Invested in Capital Assets	105,597
Unrestricted	617,937
TOTAL NET ASSETS	723,534
TOTAL LIABILITIES	
AND NET ASSETS	<u>\$ 732,448</u>

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2006

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets Governmental Activities		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges			
Government Activities:							
General Government	<u>\$</u>	214,747	<u>\$</u>	358,604	\$	143,857	
Total Governmental Activities		214,747		358,604		143,857	
	Genera Intere	al Revenues: st			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3,296	
	Tot	tal General Reve	nues			3,296	
	C	hange in Net As	sets			147,153	
	Net As	sets Beginning				576,381	
	Net As	sets Ending			\$	723,534	

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS OCTOBER 31, 2006

		OTHER GENERAL GOVERNMENT FUND FUNDS		GOVERNMENTAL		TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
ASSETS							
Cash	\$	551,204	\$	47,690	\$	598,894	
Accounts Receivable		27,957		-		27,957	
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	579,161	\$	47,690	\$	626,851	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	\$	8,914	\$	<u> </u>	\$	8,914	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		8,914		_		8,914	
FUND BALANCES Fund Balances							
Unreserved, reported in: General Fund		570,247		_		570,247	
Special Revenue Funds				47,690		47,690	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		570,247		47,690	 	617,937	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND							
FUND BALANCES	\$	579,161	\$	47,690	\$	626,851	
Amounts reported for governmen assets are different because:	tal activ	vities in the stater	nent of n	et			
Total Fund Balances					\$	617,937	
Capital assets used in governmesources and, therefore, are n			inancial			105,597	
Net assets of governmental a	ıctivitie	S			\$	723,534	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2006

	GE	NERAL	GOVE	OTHER RNMENTAL FUNDS	GOVE	TOTAL RNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES						
Bond Forfeitures	\$	17,069	\$	-	\$	17,069
Drug Seizures		-		1,366		1,366
Fees and Commissions		340,169		-		340,169
Interest		2,518		778		3,296
Total Revenues		359,756		2,144		361,900
EXPENDITURES Current:						
General Government		185,067		_		185,067
Capital Outlay		8,977		<u>-</u>		8,977
Total Expenditures		194,044				194,044
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER						
EXPENDITURES		165,712		2,144		167,856
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING		404,535		45,546		450,081
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$	570,247	<u>\$</u>	47,690	<u>\$</u>	617,937
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the of activities are different because:	statement					
Net change in fund balances - total governmenta	funds				\$	167,856
Governmental funds report capital outlays as enhowever, in the statement of activities the cost assets is allocated over their estimated useful li reported as depreciation expense. This is the a by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation current period.	of those ives and mount	5,				(20,703)
·						(,,)
Changes in net assets of governmental activit	ties				\$	147,153

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - AGENCY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2006

GARNISHMENT FUND

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 280
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 280
LIABILITIES	
Garnishments	\$ 280
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 280

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OCTOBER 31, 2006

(A) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Reporting Entity - The Marshal - City Court of Lafayette, Louisiana (the Marshal) is a component unit of the City/Parish Consolidated Government of Lafayette, Louisiana. The Marshal is an elected official and serves six-year terms. The Marshal is charged with the responsibility of conducting policing and security functions for the City Court of Lafayette, Louisiana. Operations of the Marshal's office are funded by court costs charged by the City Court of Lafayette, Louisiana attributable to the performance of the Marshal's duties and to a Federal Equitable Sharing Agreement with the United States Federal government.

The Marshal - City Court of Lafayette, Louisiana prepares its financial statements in accordance with the standards established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB 14 has defined the governmental reporting entity to be the City/Parish Consolidated Government of Lafayette, Louisiana. The accompanying statements present only transactions of the Marshal - City Court of Lafayette, Louisiana, a component unit of the City/Parish Consolidated Government of Lafayette, Louisiana.

Annually the City/Parish Consolidated Government of Lafayette, Louisiana issues financial statements which should include presentation of the activities contained in the accompanying financial statements.

Basis of Presentation - The accompanying basic financial statements of the Lafayette Parish Communication District have been prepared in conformity with governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Basic Financial Statements-Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS) -

The Marshal's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Marshal as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Marshal's major fund). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. All of the Marshal's activities are classified as governmental activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, the governmental activities column (a) is presented on a consolidated basis, (b) and is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Marshal's net assets are reported in three parts--invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net assets; and unrestricted net assets. The Marshal first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include bond forfeitures, drug seizures, equitable sharing receipts and fees and commissions. Revenue not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OCTOBER 31, 2006

(A) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Basic Financial Statements-Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS) - continued

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Marshal as an entity and the change in the Marshal's net assets resulting from the current year's activities.

Basic Financial Statements-Fund Financial Statements (FFS) -

The financial transactions of the Marshal are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The following fund types are used by the Marshal:

Governmental Funds:

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Marshal:

General Fund - This type of fund is the general operating fund of the Marshal. The General Fund is financed through court costs and commissions as well as bond forfeitures earned by the Marshal. Resources of the fund are used to supplement the cost of operating the Marshal's office.

Special Revenue Funds - This type of fund is used to account for the Marshal's revenues which are legally restricted for use in drug enforcement and education. This fund is financed through a sixty percent (60%) allocation of monies seized in drug related arrests and a Federal Equitable Sharing Agreement with the United States Departments of Justice and the Treasury sharing forty percent (40%) of available amounts with participating local law enforcement agencies.

Fiduciary Funds

<u>Agency Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for assets held by the Marshal as agent. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The Agency Fund is used for the collection of court-ordered judgments. The Marshal charges an administrative fee and remits all other funds to the respective creditors.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASBS No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements. The general fund is the only major fund of the Marshal.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OCTOBER 31, 2006

(A) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Basis of Accounting - Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Accrual

The governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Modified Accrual

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred, if measurable.

The Agency Fund is prepared on the cash basis of accounting which approximates the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Capital Assets - Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Office Equipment	5
Computer Equipment	5
Radio Equipment	10
Furniture and Fixtures	10

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting - The Marshal - City Court of Lafayette, Louisiana is required to adopt an annual budget for the General Fund. The budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") of the United States of America.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OCTOBER 31, 2006

(A) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits - Cash and interest-bearing deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles of the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(B) EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$6,886 difference are as follows:

Depreciation Expense \$(29,680)
Capital Outlay 8,977
Net Adjustment to Decrease Net Changes in
Fund Balances-Total Governmental Funds to
Arrive at Changes in Net Assets of Governmental
Activities \$(20,703)

(C) CASH AND INTEREST-BEARING DEPOSITS

Under state law, the Marshal may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Marshal may invest in certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At October 31, 2006, the Marshal has cash and interest-bearing deposits (book balances) totaling \$599,174 of which \$280 is attributable to fiduciary funds, which is not presented in the statement of net assets.

Custodial Credit Risk Relating to Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the Marshal's deposits might not be recovered. The Marshal does not have a policy for custodial credit risk, however, under state law, these deposits, (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OCTOBER 31, 2006

The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. As of October 31, 2006, \$598,894 of the Sheriff's bank balances of \$599,174 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Bank Balances	\$ 598,894
Federal Deposit Insurance	\$ 351,433
Pledged Securities (Category 3)	 247,461
Total	\$ 598,894

(D) ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The Marshal's daily operations are financed through court costs and commissions as well as bond forfeitures earned from providing services to the City Court of Lafayette, Louisiana, a component unit of the City/Parish Consolidated Government of Lafayette, Louisiana. Amounts due to the Marshal for rendering such services totaled \$27,957 at October 31, 2006.

(E) CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of general fixed assets follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions Deletions		Ending Balance			
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Equipment	\$ 21	8,642	\$	8,977	\$	_	\$	227,619
Furniture and Fixtures	5	8,087				_		58,087
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	27	6,729		8,977				285,706
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Equipment	10	19,984	2	23,871		-		133,855
Furniture and Fixtures	4	0,445		5,809	-			46,254
Total Accumulated Depreciation	15	0,429		29,680			_	180,109
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	\$ 12	6,300	<u>\$ (</u> 2	20,703)	\$		\$	105,597

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OCTOBER 31, 2006

(F) OPERATING LEASES

Included in automobile expenditures are monthly vehicle lease payments. The lease is a forty-eight (48) month operating lease requiring lease payments of \$529 per month beginning January 1, 2004 and expiring December 31, 2007. Future minimum payments under the lease are as follows:

YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31:

2007	\$ 6,348
2008	_1,058
Total	<u>\$ 7,406</u>

Included in postage expenditures are monthly postage machine lease payments. The lease is a sixty-three (63) month operating lease requiring lease payments of \$798, including 9.3% interest, per quarter beginning October 1, 2005 and expiring December 31, 2010. Future minimum payments under the lease are as follows:

YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31:

2007	\$ 3,192
2008	3,192
2009	3,192
2010	3,192
2011	<u> </u>
Total	<u>\$ 13,566</u>

(G) EXPENDITURES OF THE CITY MARSHAL'S OFFICE PAID BY THE PARISH GOVERNMENT

The Marshal's administrative office is located in a building owned by the Lafayette Parish Consolidated Government. The cost of maintaining and operating this building, as required by statute, is paid by the Lafayette Parish Government. These expenditures are not included in the accompanying financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2006

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
REVENUES				
Bond Forfeitures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,069	\$ 17,069
Drug Seizures	-	-	-	-
Equitable Sharing Receipts	-	200.000	240.140	40.170
Fees and Commissions	300,000	300,000	340,169	40,169
Interest			2,518	2,518
Total Revenues	300,000	300,000	359,756	59,756
EXPENDITURES				
CURRENT-				
General Government:				
Salaries and Overtime	40,000	37,829	32,009	5,820
Accounting	6,000	5,627	4,490	1,137
Advertising	-	373	373	-
Ammunition	6,500	5,352	865	4,487
Automobile Expenses	6,500	6,500	6,411	89
Badges	1,000	1,000	1,090	(90)
Beepers	5,000	5,000	4,451	549
Belts and Holsters	2,500	2,500	1,885	615
Bullet Proof Vests CALEA	8,500 10,000	8,500	1,751	6,749
Clothing Allowance	12,000	12,000	11,750	250
Computer Expense	10,000	37,395	12,812	24,583
Crime Lab Expense	3,000	2,171	2,171	- 1,1 - 1
Dues and Subscriptions	1,500	1,500	1,127	373
Equipment	5,000	5,000	1,269	3,731
Equipment Maintenance	3,000	13,902	5,064	8,838
Explorer Post 1015	1,500	473	148	325
Handcuffs and Cases	500	500	180	320
Miscellaneous	5,000	-	-	•
Nightsticks	250	250	-	250
Office Equipment and Furniture	3,000	3,000	305	2,695
Office Expense	11,000	12,025	12,025	-
Photographs and Equipment	2,500	2,500	625	1,875
Postage	9,000	9,000	5,120	3,880
Printing and Binding	5,000	5,000	5,544	(544)
Prisoner Transportation	6,000	8,740	8,740	12.175
Radio Equipment	18,500	13,578	403	13,175
Reference Books and Publications	9,000	9,000	8,293	707
Security Equipment	7,000	9,952	66	9,886
Tasers	7,500	5,000	1,630	3,370

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2006

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
EXPENDITURES				
CURRENT- continued				
Telephone	20,000	20,000	17,869	2,131
Training and Seminars	5,000	2,887	597	2,290
Transportation	15,000	31,783	30,392	1,391
Travel and Meetings	2,000	2,000	-	2,000
Uniforms	3,000	3,000	2,299	701
Weapons	7,600	2,713	3,313	(600)
Capital Outlay	40,000	8,977	8,977	
Total Expenditures	298,850	295,027	194,044	100,983
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	1,150	4,973	165,712	60,457
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	404,535	404,535	404,535	
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$ 405,685	\$ 409,508	\$ 570,247	\$ 60,457

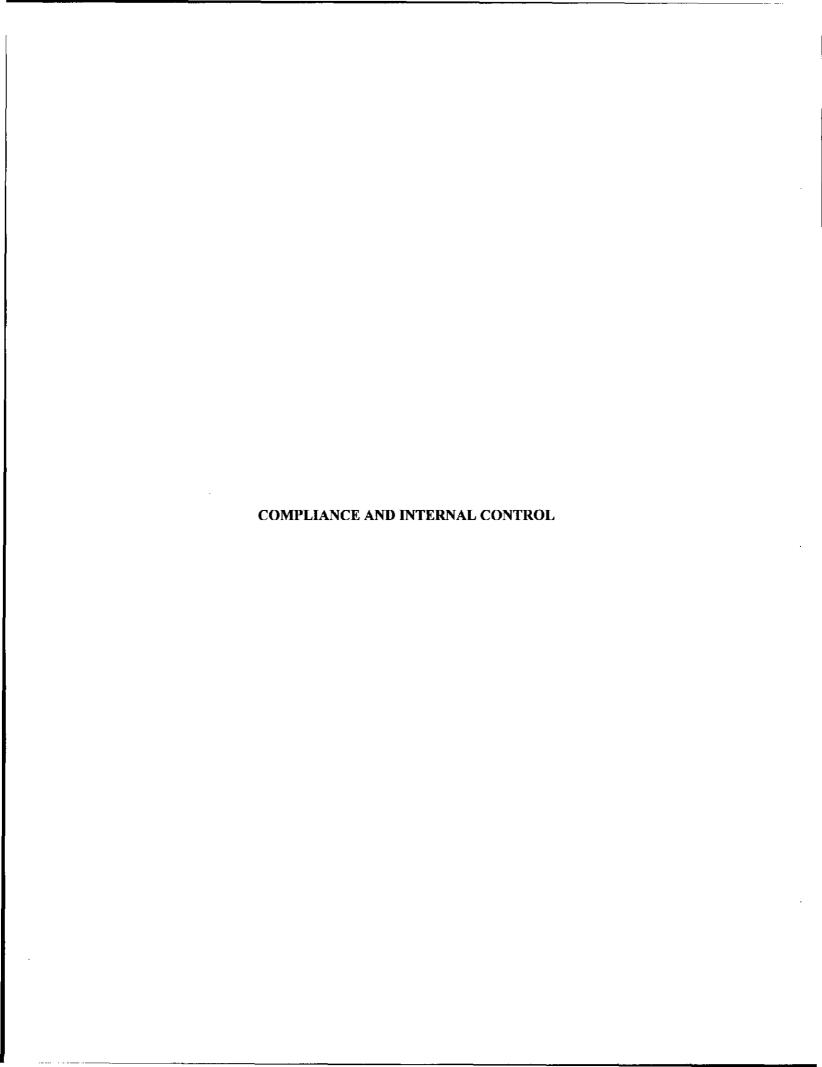
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS OCTOBER 31, 2006

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS				TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENT AL	
	EQUITABLE DRUG					
	SH	ARING	ENFO	RCEMENT		FUNDS
ASSETS						
Cash	<u>\$</u>	1,951	\$	43,739	<u>\$</u>	45,690
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	1,951	\$	43,739	<u>\$</u>	45,690
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	<u>\$</u>	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		-		-		-
FUND BALANCE						
Fund Balance						
Unreserved		1,951		45,739	·	47,690
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND						
FUND BALANCE	\$	1,951	\$	45,739	\$	47,690

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2006

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS			TOTAL		
	EQUITABLE SHARING		DRUG ENFORCEMENT		NONMAJOR FUNDS	
REVENUES						
Drug Seizures	\$	-	\$	1,366	\$	1,366
Interest			de Nige	778		778
Total Revenues				2,144		2,144
EXPENDITURES CURRENT-						
General Government:				<u>-</u>		-
Total Expenditures						
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		-		2,144		2,144
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	·	1,951	-	43,595		45,546
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$	1,951	\$	45,739	\$	47,690



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL
CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND
OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING
STANDARDS

To the Marshall City Court of Lafayette, Louisiana Lafayette, Louisiana

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Marshal, City Court of Lafayette, Louisiana as of and for the year ended October 31, 2006, which collectively comprise the Marshal's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 26, 2007. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the provisions of Louisiana Revised Statutes 24:513 and the Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Marshal, City Court of Lafayette's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Marshal, City Court of Lafayette's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations and contract agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the Legislative Auditor of the State of Louisiana. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Wright, Moore, DeHart, Dupuis & Hutchinson, LLC

WRIGHT, MOORE, DEHART, DUPUIS & HUTCHINSON, L.L.C. Certified Public Accountants

February 26, 2007

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2006

We have audited the financial statements of the Marshal - City Court of Lafayette, Louisiana as of and for the year ended October 31, 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated February 26, 2007. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards of the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by Comptroller General of the United States. Our audit of the financial statements of October 31, 2006 resulted in an unqualified opinion.

Section I Summary of Auditor's Reports

A. Report on Internal Control and Co	ompliance Material to t	he Financial	Statements
Internal Control			
Material Weaknesses	Yes	<u>x</u>	No
Reportable Conditions	Yes	<u>x</u>	No
Compliance			
Compliance Material to Finan	icial Statements	Yes	<u>x</u> No
Section II Financial Statement Findings			
No Current Year Findings.			
Section III Federal Award Findings and	Questioned Costs		

This section is not applicable for the year ended October 31, 2006.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2006

There were no prior year findings

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2006

No current year findings were noted, therefore no response was deemed necessary.